

Candidate Forename			Candidate Surname			
Centre Number			Candidate Nu	mber		

#### **INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

- Write your name clearly in capital letters, your Centre Number and Candidate Number in the boxes above.
- Use black ink. Pencil may be used for graphs and diagrams only.
- Read each question carefully and make sure that you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Your answers should be supported with appropriate working. Marks may be given for a correct method even if the answer is incorrect.
- Answer **all** the questions.
- Do **not** write in the bar codes.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.

#### **INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES**

- The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.
- Use the  $\pi$  button on your calculator or take  $\pi$  to be 3.142 unless the question says otherwise.
- Your Quality of Written Communication is assessed in questions marked with an asterisk (\*).
- The total number of marks for this paper is **100**.
- This document consists of 24 pages. Any blank pages are indicated.



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## Formulae Sheet: Higher Tier

Area of trapezium =  $\frac{1}{2}(a+b) h$ 

In any triangle ABC

Sine rule

Volume of prism = (area of cross-section)  $\times$  length

 $\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$ 

**Cosine rule**  $a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc\cos A$ 

Area of triangle  $=\frac{1}{2}ab\sin C$ 

Volume of sphere  $=\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$ 

**Surface area of sphere**  $= 4\pi r^2$ 











**Curved surface area of cone**  $= \pi r l$ 

#### The Quadratic Equation

Volume of cone  $=\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$ 

The solutions of  $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ , where  $a \neq 0$ , are given by  $x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{(b^2 - 4ac)}}{2a}$ 

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1 Pam gives her cat  $\frac{2}{3}$  of a tin of cat food at each meal. The cat has 2 meals each day.

How many tins of cat food will Pam need to buy to feed her cat for 7 days?

\_[3]

2 The diagram shows a classroom in the shape of a cuboid. O is the origin, A is (8, 0, 0), B is (0, 7, 0) and C is (0, 0, 3). All lengths are in metres.



- (a) Write down the coordinates of these corners of the classroom.
- (i) D

  (a)(i) ( \_\_\_\_, \_\_\_, \_\_) [1]

  (ii) ( \_\_\_\_, \_\_\_, \_\_) [1]

  (b) A light is to be fitted at the midpoint of the ceiling edge CF.
  Write down the coordinates of this point.
  (b) ( \_\_\_\_, \_\_\_, \_\_\_) [2]
- (c) A projector is to be fitted at the centre of the ceiling.

Write down the coordinates of this point.

(c) ( \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_) [1]

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[2]

- **3** In a school there are 5 House teams, A, B, C, D and E. In a football competition, each team plays every other team once.
  - (a) Complete the table to show all the games to be played. The game when B plays D has been entered for you.

	А	В	С	D	E
А					
В				B,D	
С					
D					
E					

(b) Explain why parts of the table are shaded.

(i)	Some parts are shaded because	
		[1]
(ii)	Other parts are shaded because	
		[1]

4 Use your calculator to work these out.

(a) 
$$\frac{8.7 + 3.9}{2.1 \times 5.4}$$

	(a)	[2]
<b>(b)</b> $\frac{4}{5} - \frac{3}{7}$		

(c) 
$$\sqrt{6\cdot 3^2 + 5\cdot 2^2}$$

(c) \_\_\_\_\_[2]

(b) \_\_\_\_\_[1]

2

4

5

ġ.

7

(a) \_\_\_\_\_ mph [2]

[2]

6

- Distance from home (miles)
- 5 The Khan family went on a day trip to a theme park. The graph represents their car journey to the theme park.



12

1

Time of day

0

8

9

10

11

(b)	On which part of the journey was the car travelling faster? How can you tell this?	
	because	[1]
(c)	The family stayed at the theme park for 4 hours. The return car journey took 2 hours.	

Complete the graph to show the rest of their day out.

**6** Use trial and improvement to find the solution of this equation correct to 1 decimal place.

 $x^3 + 2x^2 = 13$ 

Show all your trials and their outcomes.

\_[4]

- 7\* Brian wants to invest £10 000 for one year. His bank offers two plans.
  - 'Annual Booster': 6.5% per year, with the interest added at the end of the year.
  - 'Monthly Plus': 0.5% per month compound interest, with the interest added at the end of each month.

Brian will make no withdrawals during the year.

Recommend which plan Brian should use, and why.

8 This is the plan of Catalina's bedroom.



Catalina has chosen to use carpet costing £8.99 per square metre to cover her bedroom floor.

Work out the cost of the carpet.

£\_\_\_\_\_[5]

9 (a) Multiply out the brackets.

$$3(2x+5)$$

(a) \_\_\_\_\_[2]

(b) (i) Rearrange this equation to make *p* the subject.

t = 7p - 50

(b)(i)  $\rho =$ \_\_\_\_[2]

(ii) Rearrange this equation to make *x* the subject.

 $y = \sqrt{2x}$ 

(ii) *x* = \_\_\_\_\_[2]

**10** A one ounce measure of poppy seeds contains approximately  $1.4 \times 10^5$  seeds.

Given that 1 ounce is equal to 28.3 g, work out how many poppy seeds would be in a 1 kg measure of seeds.

Give your answer in standard form.

[3]

**11** The diagram shows a child's building brick. The brick is a cuboid with a semi-circular tunnel.



(a) On the grids, draw the front elevation (from F) and the plan (from P).


#### Front elevation

Plan


[4]

(b) Calculate the volume of the brick.

(b) \_\_\_\_\_cm<sup>3</sup> [5]

[2]

12 In normal conditions, the stopping distance, D feet, of a car travelling at V mph is given by this formula.

$$D = V + \frac{V^2}{20}$$

(a) Complete the table.

V (mph)	0	10	20	30	40	50	60	70
D (feet)			40			175	240	315





(c) Use your graph to find the stopping distance of a car travelling at 66 mph in normal conditions.

(c) \_\_\_\_\_feet [1]

(d) On wet roads the stopping distance is twice as far as in normal conditions.

Use your graph to find the maximum speed a car could travel at if it must stop in a distance of 200 feet on a wet road.

(d) \_\_\_\_\_mph [2]

**13 (a)** Factorise these expressions.

(i)  $4x^2 - 20x$ 

(ii)  $x^2 - 25$ 

(a)(i) \_\_\_\_\_[2]

(ii) \_\_\_\_\_[1]

(b) Multiply out the brackets and simplify.

(2x-1)(3x+4)

(b) \_\_\_\_\_[3]

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**14** One year, a company director paid £35 460 tax at the higher rate of 40%. The following year, this higher rate increases to 50%.

If her salary stays the same, how much will she pay in tax at the new higher rate?

£\_\_\_\_\_[4]

**15** On a golf course, the distance from the tee, T, to the hole, H, is 385 yards.

After his first shot, a golfer's ball lands at B. Angle HTB =  $19^{\circ}$  and angle TBH =  $122^{\circ}$ .



Calculate the distance, BH, of the ball from the hole.

\_\_\_\_\_yards [3]

**16** A line and a curve have the following equations.

$$3x + 2y = 7$$
  
 $y = x^2 - 2x + 3$ 

Find the coordinates of the points of intersection of the line and the curve by solving these simultaneous equations algebraically.

# (\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_) (\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_) [8]

**17** A solid metal cylinder of radius 5 cm and length 18 cm is melted down and made into spheres of radius 2 cm.



Assuming that none of the metal is lost in the process, work out how many of the spheres can be made.

\_\_\_\_\_[5]

**18** Anya, Bill and Chris are playing basketball.

They have the following probabilities of getting a basket on their next shot.

Anya  $\frac{2}{5}$  Bill  $\frac{1}{3}$  Chris  $\frac{1}{4}$ 

They each take one shot at the basket. Anya goes first, then Bill and finally Chris.

(a) Calculate the probability that exactly one of them gets a basket.

(a) \_\_\_\_\_[4]

(b) Calculate the probability that Bill is the first of the three of them to get a basket.

(b) \_\_\_\_\_[3]

**19** The length of the base of a triangle is 12 cm, correct to the nearest cm. The area of the triangle is  $60 \text{ cm}^2$ , correct to the nearest  $10 \text{ cm}^2$ .

Calculate the upper and lower bounds of the height of the triangle.

Upper bound \_\_\_\_\_cm

Lower bound \_\_\_\_\_cm[5]

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## **OXFORD CAMBRIDGE AND RSA EXAMINATIONS**

**General Certificate of Secondary Education** 

## **MATHEMATICS A**

A503/02

Unit C (Higher)

#### Specimen Mark Scheme

The maximum mark for this paper is **100**.

This document consists of 6 printed pages and 2 blank pages.

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1		10	3	<b>B2</b> for 9.3 or better Or M1 for $\frac{2}{3} \times 2 \times 7$
				S
2	(a)	(i) (0,7,3)	1	
		(ii) (8,7,3)	1	
	(b)	(4,0,3)	2	SC1 for correct 3 values in any order
	(c)	(4,3.5,3) oe	1	
3	(a)	All 9 pairs correct	2	<b>B1</b> for 4 correct pairs Ignore entries in shaded sections
	(b)	(i) Cannot play themselves oe	1	
		(ii) Play each other once only	1	
4	(a)	1.11(11) oe	2	<b>B1</b> for 12.6 ÷ 11.34
	(b)	$\frac{13}{35}$ or 0.371	1	
	(c)	8.169 or 8.17 or 8.2	2	<b>B1</b> for 66.73 seen
5	(a)	20	2	<b>M1</b> for 50 ÷ 2.5 oe Condone 2.30 for <b>M1</b>
	(b)	BC, steeper line	1	
	(c)	Horizontal line to (4,120) Line(s) from <i>their</i> (4,120) to (6,0)	1 ft1	By eye May be curve as long as no vertical part
6		Value between 1 and 2 inclusive 1.8 or 1.9	1	Or offer 1.9 and 1.0 used mention of
			1	closer to 1.8

3
<b>U</b>

7 *		Calculates correct amount of interest (AB: 650, MP: 616.77 or 616.78 or 617) or correct total sum (AB: 10 650, MP: 10 616.77 or 10 616.78 or 10 617) for each plan <b>and</b> recommends that Brian uses Annual Booster plan as he will earn more money. Well laid- out answer with correct and clear language throughout.	5	
		Makes minor errors in calculating amount of interest or total sum for each plan <b>and</b> makes a recommendation based on their calculations. Some structure to the calculations or recommendation with minor errors in spelling, punctuation or grammar.	3-4	For lower mark – calculates amount of interest or total sum for each plan but makes no recommendation/incorrect recommendation based on their calculations <b>or</b> there are a number of errors in spelling, punctuation or grammar.
		Correctly calculates amount of interest or total sum for one plan, and may or may not make a recommendation. Little structure evident.	1-2	For lower mark – attempts to calculate amount of interest or total sum for one plan (working must be seen) and no recommendation made.
		No relevant calculations	0	
8		Missing length 1 or 2 soi $5 \times 4 + 4 \times 2$ or $6 \times 4 + 1 \times 4$ or $6 \times 5 - 2 \times 1$ <i>Their</i> 28 × 8.99 251.72	1 M2 M1 A1	M1 for correct area of one rectangle
Q	(2)	6x ± 15	2	<b>B1</b> for $6x \text{ or } \pm 15$ seen
3	(a) (b)	(i) $\frac{t+50}{7}$	2	<b>M1</b> for $t + 50 = 7p$ or other correct first step
		(ii) $\frac{y^2}{2}$	2	<b>M1</b> for $y^2 = 2x$
10		4.9 to 4.95 × 10 <sup>6</sup>	3	<b>M1</b> for 1.4 × 10 <sup>5</sup> ÷ 28.3 × 1000 oe <b>And A1</b> for 4900000 to 4950000

11	(a)	Correct front elevation including semi-circle radius 4	2	<b>B1</b> for 10 by 5 rectangle
		Correct plan including two dotted 'hidden' lines	2	<b>B1</b> for 10 by 3 rectangle
	(b)	3 × 10 × 5	M1	Alternative method
	(-)	150	A1	<b>Or M1</b> for 10 × 5
		$(0.5 \times) \pi \times 4^2 \times 3$	M1	<b>And M1</b> for – (0.5 x) $\pi \times 4^2$
		75.4	A1	And A1 for 24.87 or 24.9
		74.5 to 74.7	A1	And M1 for (24.87 or 24.9) × 3
				And A1 for 74.5 to 74.7
12	(a)	0, 15, 75, 120	2	B1 for two values correct
	(b)	8 points correctly plotted	2	<b>B1</b> for 4 points correctly plotted $\pm \frac{1}{2}$ sm sq.
		Curve through their points	1	+ <sup>1</sup> small square
	(c)	275 to 287	1	
	(d)	35.5 to 37	2	M1 for reading from 100 feet
				-
13	(a)	(i) $4x(x-5)$	2	<b>M1</b> for 4 $(x^2 - 5x)$ or $x(4x - 20)$
		(ii) $(x-5)(x+5)$	1	
	(b)	$6x^2 + 5x - 4$	3	<b>B1</b> for each of $6x^2$ , $5x$ , -4
14		44 325	4	<b>M2</b> for 35 460 ÷ 0·4
				<b>Or M1</b> for 40% of pay = 35 460
				And A1 for 88 650
15		147.0° to 140°	2	<b>M2</b> for $295 \times \sin 10 \times \sin 122$
15		147.0 10 140	3	WZ 101 365 X SII19 - SII122
				Or M1 for $\frac{x}{\sin 40} = \frac{303}{\sin 400}$
				sin'19 sin'122
10		$2\times \cdot 2/2$ $2\times \cdot 2$ 7	844	as mathed to aliminate analyzinhia
10		$3x + 2(x^2 - 2x + 3) = 7$ $2x^2 - x - 1 = 0$		or $4\sqrt{2} = 25x \pm 34 = 0$ on of those terms
		$2x^{-} - x - 1 = 0$		014y - 25y + 54 = 0.06 01  these terms
		(2x+1)(x-1)	FTM2	or $(4y - 17)(y - 2)$
				or factorisation for their trinomial
				or M1 for $(2x \pm 1)(x \pm 1)$
				or for $(4y \pm 17)(y \pm 2)$
		1		or it correct, wrong signs
		$x = 1$ and $x = \frac{1}{2}$ oe	B1	Last four marks are independent of any
		<i>y</i> = 2	R1	previous method
		1 1 co		
		y = 4 - 0e 4	B1	
		$(1, 2)$ and $(-\frac{1}{2}, 4\frac{1}{2})$	B1	
		2 4		

_	
E	
-	
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		_		
17		$\pi \times 5^2 \times 18$	1	soi by 1413·7
		$\frac{4}{3} \times \pi \times 2^3$	1	soi by 33·5
		their 1413.7 ÷ their 33.5	M1	
		42.	A1 1	
18	(a)	$\frac{27}{60}$ oe	4	<b>M1</b> for $\frac{2}{5} \times \frac{2}{3} \times \frac{3}{4}$
				And M1 for $\frac{3}{5} \times \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{3}{4}$
				And M1 for $\frac{3}{5} \times \frac{2}{3} \times \frac{1}{4}$
				After 0 scored
				<b>SC1</b> for sight of two of $\frac{3}{5}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{3}{4}$
	(b)	$\frac{12}{60}$ oe	3	<b>M2</b> for $\frac{3}{5} \times \frac{1}{3}$
				<b>Or M1</b> for $\frac{3}{5} \times \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{1}{4}$
				And M1 for $\frac{3}{5} \times \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{3}{4}$
19		Using $\frac{2\times'60'}{'12'}$ soi	M1	
		$\frac{2 \times 65}{11.5}$ oe	M1	
		11.3	A1	
		$\frac{2\times55}{2}$ oe	M1	
		12.5		
		δ.δ	A1	

## Assessment Objectives and Functional Elements Grid

## GCSE MATHEMATICS A

#### A503/02: Unit C (Higher)

Qn	Торіс	AO1	AO2	AO3	Functional
1	Fractions			3	3
2	3-D coordinates	2	3		
3	Listing		4		2
4	Calculator work	5			
5	Dist/time graph		3	2	
6	Trial and improvement	4			
7	Repeated percentage change			5	5
8	Compound area		5		5
9	Expand brackets, Rearrange formula	6			
10	Standard form			3	
11	Views. Volume	4		5	
12	Quadratic graph	6		2	2
13	Factorise, Expand brackets	6			
14	Reverse percentages		4		4
15	Sine rule	3			
16	Line and curve	8			
17	Cylinder and sphere			5	
18	Probability		7		
19	Bounds	5			
	TOTAL	49	26	25	21

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8